

UNIVERSITY OF DELHI 927

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

AND

COURSES OF READING

FOR

B.A. (HONS.) IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

Part I Examination 1997

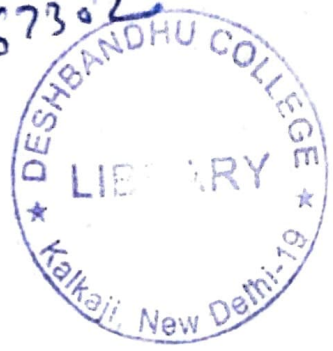
Part II Examination 1998

Part III Examination 1999



*Syllabi applicable for the students seeking admission to the B.A. (Hons.)
Political Science Course in the academic year 1996-97*

Price Rs. : 10/-



Paper I : COLONIALISM AND NATIONALISM IN INDIA

1. Colonialism and Colonial State Apparatus :

- (a) Theories of Imperialism
- (b) Approaches to the study of colonialism
- (c) Nature of Colonialism and Colonial Policy in India
- (d) Impact of colonialism on (i) Indian economy and social classes; (ii) Legal and administrative structures; (iii) Social life, education and culture; (iv) Status of tribes, castes and women.

National Movement and its Expanding Social Base

- (a) Early phase of nationalism; birth of the Indian National Congress; Moderates : programmes, policies, strategy, methods.
- (b) Growth of Extremist nationalist movement; partition of Bengal and its impact; programmes, policies and methods of the extremists.
- (c) Impact of World War I and October Revolution on Indian Politics.
- (d) Cultural revivalism.

The Gandhian Era : (i) Khilafat movement; Non-cooperation; Swaraj party; radicalization of Indian politics.

(ii) Civil Disobedience movement; strategy, programme, methods of struggle; evaluation of leadership.

Revolutionary Nationalist Movements : Phases; evaluation.

Princely States and the British's Rule : Democratic movements in the princely states.

Left Movements : The Communist party; The Congress Socialist party; The Congress Left : ideology, programme and policies; social base; evaluation.

Tribal, Depressed Classes, Peasant and Trade Union Movements and their Role.

Women and the National Movement : Perceptions on Women's question; participation of women and its impact.

Rise of Communal, Caste, Linguistic and Regional Movements.

Impact of World War II on Indian Politics and Economy.

Political Movements Leading to India's Independence: Quit India Movement; The INA and RIN struggles.

12. (a) Proposals on Transfer of Power.
- (b) The Two Nation Theory and the partition of India.
- (c) The India Independence Act, 1947.

Essential Readings

- Nemai Sadhan Bose, *Indian National Movement : An Outline*, Calcutta, Firma KLM Pvt. Ltd. 1982.
- Bipan Chandra, Amal Tripathi and Barun De, *Freedom Struggle*, National Book Trust, 1972.
- R. Coupland, *The Indian Problem*, OUP, 1944.
- A.R. Desai, *Social Background of Indian Nationalism*, Delhi, Popular Prakashan, 1966.
- V.P. Menon, *The Transfer of Power*, Delhi, Orient Longman, 1956.
- B.R. Nanda, *Gandhi and His Critics*, Delhi, OUP, 1985.
- Sumit Sarkar, *Modern India*, Delhi, PPH, 1983.
- L.P. Sinha, *The Left Wing in India*, Muzaffarpur, New Publisher, 1965.
- Ayodhya Singh, *Bharat Ka Mukti Sangram*, Delhi, Macmillan, 1977.
- Satya Rai, (ed.), *Bharat Me Upaniveshavad Aur Rashtriyavad*, Hindi Implementation Directorate, Delhi University, Delhi.
- Bipan Chandra, et al., *India's Struggle for Independence*, New Delhi, Viking, Penguin, India, 1988.

Additional Readings

- B.R. Ambedkar, *Pakistan or Partition of India*, (eds.), Lahore, Book Traders, 1946.
- Tara Chand, *History of Freedom Movement in India*, Vol II, Delhi, Publications Div. Govt. of India, 1967.
- A.R. Desai, *Peasant Movements in India*, OUP, 1979.
- R.P. Dutt, *India Today*, Calcutta, Manisha, 1986.
- Shankar Ghosh, *Socialism, Democracy and Nationalism in India*, Bombay, Allied, 1973.
- Hobson, *Imperialism*, Ann Arbor, University of Michigan Press, 1967.
- V.I. Lenin, *Imperialism. The Highest Stage of Capitalism*, Progress Publisher, Moscow, 1978.
- George Fichtelberg, *Imperialism*, Unwin, 1971.

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Asoka Mehta and Achyut Patwardhan, *The Communal Triangle in India*, Delhi, Kitab Mahal, 1942.

V.P. Monon, *The Story of the Integration of the Indian States*, Madras, Orient Longman, 1985.

Dadabhai Naoroji, *Poverty and Un-British Rule in India*, New Delhi Publication Division, Govt. of India, 1962.

K.S. Singh, *Tribal Movements in India*, 2 Vols., Delhi, Manohar, 1985.

Kamala Devi Chattopadhyay, *Indian Women's Battle for Freedom*, Delhi, Vikas, 1994.

Bipan Chandra et al. *Bharat Ka Santantra Sangharsh (Hindi)*, Hindi Implementation Directorate, Delhi University, 1990.

Paper II : POLITICAL THEORY

1. Nature and Significance of Political Theory
2. Power, Politics and Society
 - (a) What is politics?
 - (b) Different dimensions of power.
 - (c) Theories of power in society : class, gender and group perspectives.
3. The State
 - (a) The concept of the modern state; sovereignty, citizenship and rights.
 - (b) Dominant perspectives of the modern state; alternate perspectives.
4. The concepts of Freedom, Liberty and Equality.
5. Theories of Property.
6. Justice and the Common Good
 - (a) Theories of distributive justice.
 - (b) Notion of the common good.
 - (c) Subaltern and Feminist Perspectives.
7. Democracy and Political Participation
 - (a) Theories of democracy.
8. The Political Process and Social Change
 - (a) Theories of social change — revolutionary change; concept of incremental change.

- (b) Development : concepts of development, Socialist, Liberal, Gandhian and others; critiques of development models, the debate on welfare state.
- (c) Development and environment : the contemporary debates.

Essential Readings

1. David Held, *Political Theory and the Modern State*, London, Polity, 1994.
2. George Mc Lennan and David Held and Stuart Hall, (eds.), *The Idea of the Modern State*, Milton Keynes: Open University Press, 1984.
3. T.W. H. Ashley, *Sovereignty*, Cambridge, OUP, 1986.
4. J.M. Barbalet, *Citizenship*, Milton Keynes : Open University Press, 1988.
5. Sygmunt Baumann, *Freedom*, Milton Keynes : Open University Press, 1988.
6. Jeremy Waldron, (ed.), *Theories of Rights*, New Delhi : OUP, 1984.
7. Bryan S. Turner, *Equality*, Chichester: Ellist Horwood LTD., London, Tavistock, 1986.
8. Ellen Frank, Paul Miller and J. Paul, (eds.), *Liberty and Equality*, Oxford, Basil Blackwell, 1985.
9. Graeme Duncan, (ed.), *Democratic Theory and Practice*, Cambridge, OUP, 1983.
10. V.I. Lenin, *State and Revolution*, (Selected Works), Moscow, Progress Publishers, 1971.
11. Karl Marx and F. Engels, *The Communist Manifesto*, (Selected Works), Moscow, Progress Publishers, 1970.
12. Ralph Miliband, *Marxism and Politics*, OUP, 1977.
13. Thomas Pantham, *Political Theories and Social Reconstruction*, New Delhi, Sage, 1995.

Additional Readings

1. Giddens and Held, (eds.), *Class, Power and Conflict*, London, Macmillan Press, 1982.
2. Lee Ann Osborn, *The Problem of Participation*, University Press of America, 1985.
3. Harold Laski, *Grammar of Politics*, London, Allen & Unwin, 1948.
4. E. Stankiewicz, *Approaches to Democracy*, Edward Arnold, 1980.
5. David Held, (ed.), *Political Theory Today*, London, Polity, 1991.

6. Michael Lessnoff, (ed.), *Social Contract Theory*, Oxford, Basil Blackwell, 1992.
7. John Rawls, *A Theory of Justice*, Cambridge, Harvard University Press, 1971.
8. Nozick, *Anarchy, State and Utopia*, New York, Basic Books, 1970.

Paper III — INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT

This paper is to be taught with reference to the selected treatises of Representative Thinkers:

- | | | |
|----|---------------------|---|
| 1. | Kautilya | Arthashastra |
| 2. | Ziauddin Barani | Fatwa-e-Jahandari |
| 3. | Rammohun Roy | Letter to Lord Amherst, 1823 On Introduction of English Education |
| 4. | Vivekananda | Culture, Democracy and Socialism |
| 5. | Mahatma Gandhi | Hind Swaraj |
| 6. | Ambedker | Annihilation of Caste, (1936) |
| 7. | M.N.Roy | New Humanism |
| 8. | Jayaprakash Narayan | Towards A Reconstruction of Indian Politics (1956) |

Essential Readings

1. Kangle, R.P., *Artashastra of Kautilya*, 1960. Delhi, Motilal Banarasidass, 1965.
2. Iqbal Singh, *Raja Rammohan Roy : A Biographical Enquiry into the Making of Modern India*, Bombay Allied, 1983.
3. Kalidas Nag and Debajyoti Barman ed., *Rammohan Roy, English Works*, Sadharan Brahmo Samaj, Calcutta, 1945.
4. Sushobhan Sarkar, ed., *Rammohan Roy on Colonialism*.
5. Bhupendra Nath Dutta, *Swami Vivekanand Patriot-Prophet, A study*, Calcutta, Nav Bharat Publishers, 1954.
6. Swami Vivekananda, *Centenary Volumes*, Calcutta, Ramakrishna Mission Institute of Culture, 1963.
7. M.K. Gandhi, *An Autobiography or the Story of My Experiment with Truth*. Translated by Mahadev Desai, Ahmedabad, Navjivan, 1927.
8. Raghavan N. Iyer, *Selected Works of Mahatma Gandhi*, 3 Vols., 1988.
9. M.J. Kanetkar, *Think and Gandhi, A Comparative Study*, Nagpur, Author, 1935.

10. B.R. Ambedkar, *Annihilation of Caste* (1936) in *Writings and Speeches*, Bombay, Govt. of Maharashtra, 1982. Vol. I & II edited by Moon.
11. Jayaprakash Narayan, *From Socialism to Sarvodaya*, New Delhi, Akhil Bhartiya Sarva Seva Prakashan, 1959.
12. Chandrodaya Dixit, *Manavvadi Vicharak* M.N. Roy, 1984.
13. V.P. Verma, *Andhunik Bhartiya Rajnaitik Chintan*, 1982.
14. V.R. Mehta, *Foundations of Indian Political Thought*, New Delhi, Manohar, 1992.
15. Thomas Pantham and Kenneth L. Deutsch (ed.), *Political Thought in Modern India*, New Delhi, Sage, 1986.
16. Bhikhu Parekh and Thomas Pantham (ed.), *Political Discourse; Exploration in Indian and Western Political Thought*, New Delhi, Sage, 1987.

Additional Readings

1. *Sources of Indian Tradition*, Penguin Books (India), 1991. Vol-I, From the Beginning to 1800, edited by Ainslee T. Embree, Vol-II, Modern India and Pakistan, ed. by Stephen Hay.
2. K.N. Kadam (ed.), *Dr. B.R. Ambedkar, the Emanicipator of the Oppressed*, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1993.
3. M.S. Gore, *Social Thought of B.R. Ambedkar*, New Delhi, Sage, 1992.
4. B.B. Majumdar, *History of Indian Social and Political Ideas from Raja Rammohan Roy to Dayananda*, 1967.
5. Gail Omvedt, *Dalit Democratic Revolution*, New Delhi, Sage, 1992.
6. Swami Ranganathanda, *Swami Vivekananda, His Humanism*, Moscow State University lecture, Advaita Ashram, Calcutta, 1991.
7. Shankar Ghose, *Modern Indian Political Thought*, Allied, 1984.
8. Dennis Gilmore Dalton, *India's Ideal of Freedom : Political Thought of Swami Vivekananda, Aurobindo Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore*, Academic Press, 1982.
9. S.D. Collet, Dilip Kumar Biswas and P.C. Ganguly, *Life and Letters of Raja Rammohan Roy*, Calcutta, Sadharan Brahma Samaj, 1988.
10. Nihar Ranjan Ray (ed.), *Raja Rammohan Roy a bi-century Tribute*, New Delhi, National Book Trust, 1974.
11. S. N. Tagore, *Rammohan Roy, His Role in Indian Renaissance*, Calcutta, Astatic Society, 1975.

12. Narayan Narayan Agarwal, *Gandhian Constitution for Free India*, 1946.
13. J. Bandopadhyaya, *Social and Political Thought of Gandhi*, Bombay, Allied, 1969.
14. Bimal Prasad (ed.), *A Revolutionary's Quest, Selected Writings of J.P.*, New Delhi, OUP, 1980.
15. B.R. Purohit, *Beeswi Sadi Ke Rajnaitik Chintan Ki Pramukh Dharayen*, 1973.
16. Trevor Ling, *Indian Social Philosophy*, Bangalore University.

Paper IV — INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS

1. Overview of the Indian Political System.
 - (a) Problems facing India on the eve of Independence.
 - (b) The Constituent Assembly : perspectives on the Indian polity.
 - (c) Approach to liberty/freedom, equality and justice : Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles.
 - (d) Nature of the Indian State.
 - (e) Social structure and the democratic process; perspectives, problems and trends.
2. Constitutional Provisions and Institutional Functioning.
 - (a) The federal structure and processes : areas of tension, the issue of state autonomy.
 - (b) The parliamentary form of government : role and functioning of parliament.
 - (c) The President, the Prime Minister and the Cabinet : role and relations.
 - (d) Judiciary and the democratic process: judicial review and judicial activism.
 - (e) State governments and their functioning : relation between government and council of ministers.
 - (f) Panchayati Raj.
 - (g) Nature of administration and its role in the political and developmental process.
 - (h) Constitutional amendments : socio-political implications.

3. Party System and Elections
 - (a) Nature of the Indian party system : political parties, national and regional; role of pressure groups.
 - (b) Elections and participation, voting behaviour, determinants and trends.
 - (c) Social movements : peasants and workers, tribes, women, dalit, backward classes.
4. Development Process
 - (a) Problems of underdevelopment : poverty, illiteracy, regional imbalance; environmental degradation.
 - (b) Strategy of development : goals, methods, planning process, performance, role of international agencies.
 - (c) National integration : secularism, communalism, caste and language as factors in politics, problem of violence.
 - (d) Development process and foreign policy.

Essential Readings

1. Granville Austin, *The Indian Constitution, Cornerstone of a Nation*, Oxford, OUP, 1966.
2. D.D. Basu, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall, 1980.
3. Charles Bettelheim, *India Independent*, London, Mac Gibban, 1968.
4. S.K. Chaube, *Constituent Assembly of India : Springboard of Revolution*, New Delhi, Peoples' Publishing House, 1973.
5. A.R. Desai, *Recent Trends in Indian National Movement*, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1973.
6. Francine Frankel, *India's Political Economy 1947-1977: The Gradual Revolution*, OUP, 1978.
7. Hassan, Jha, Khan (ed.), *The State, Political Processes and Identity*, Sage, 1989.
8. W.H. Morris-Jones, *Government and Politics in India*, Delhi, B.I. Publication, 1974.
9. M.V. Pylee, *Constitutional Government in India*, Bombay, Asia, 1977.
10. Susheela Kaushik, ed., *Indian Government and Politics*, (Hindi) Directorate of Hindi Implementation, Delhi University, 1990.

Additional Readings

1. Upendra Baxi, *The Indian Supreme Court and Politics*. Delhi, Eastern Book Company, 1980.
2. K.R. Bombwall, *National Power and State Autonomy*, Meerut, Meenakshi, 1979.
3. Paul Brass, *Politics of India Since Independence*, Hyderabad, Orient Longman, 1990.--
4. S.K. Chaube, *Hill Politics in Northeast India*, Bombay, Orient Longman, 1973.
5. A.R. Desai, *Social Background of Indian Nationalism*, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1966.
6. R.C. Dutt, *Secularism*, India International Centre, New Delhi.
7. Susheela Kaushik, *Elections in India : Its Social Basis*, New Delhi, K.P. Bagchi & Co., 1982.
8. Stanley Kochanek, *Business and Politics in India*, Berkeley, University of California Press, 1974.
9. Atul Kohli, *Democracy and Discontent : India's Growing Crisis of Governability*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
10. Rajni Kothari, *Politics in India*, Delhi, Orient Longman, 1971.
11. Iqbal Narain, *State Politics in India*, Meerut, Meenakshi, 1976.
12. S.H. Rudolph and L.I. Rudolph, *In Pursuit of Laxmi — The Political Economy of the Indian State*, Delhi, Orient Longman, 1987.
13. S.L. Shakdher, *The Indian Constitution*.
14. M.P. Singh, *Lok Sabha Elections : Indian Politics in 1990s*. New Delhi, Kalinga Publications, 1992.
15. *Women in Politics, Forms and Processes*, Har Anand, 1993.
16. Upendra Baxi and Bhikhu Parekh, ed., *Crisis and Change in Contemporary India*, New Delhi, Sage, 1994.

PAPER V—COMPARATIVE GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS ★

1. The Evolution of Comparative Political Analysis : Institutional approach, political systems approach, political-economy approach; problems of comparative analysis.
2. Classification of Political Systems : democratic and authoritarian systems, federal and unitary systems, capitalist and socialist systems.

3. Political Traditions and Revolutionary Legacies with special reference to the United Kingdom, United States of America, Russia, China and the developing countries.
4. British Parliamentary System : characteristics; the powers of the British Parliament; Crown, Cabinet and the Prime Minister.
5. Socio-economic Dimensions of British Politics : development of British capitalism, contemporary trends; changing nature of the welfare state.
6. Political System of the United States of America : the President-election : process, powers and role, contemporary trends; the US Congress—composition, powers and role of the House of Representatives and the Senate, the committee system, relationship of the President with the Congress; The Supreme Court — judicial review.
7. Socio-economic Dimensions of US Politics : evolution of capitalism in the US, contemporary trends; the social security system and the problem of poverty; race relations and minorities in US and the UK — a comparative analysis.
8. The Party System in the United Kingdom and the United States of America — a comparative study.
9. Decline of the former Soviet Union : causes of decline; the CPSU and Soviet politics; Soviet path of development and problems.
10. The Chinese Political System : state structure; powers and role of the Communist Party of China, party — state relations, contemporary trends.
11. Socio-economic Dimensions of the Chinese Political System : the Maoist path of development, reforms under Deng Xiaoping; the Nationalities question.
12. Constitutional Patterns and Political Institutions in the developing countries : characteristics and trends; causes of political instability; the military in politics; democratic rights and political participation.
13. The Emergence and Decline of the One-Party State and the Growth of Multiparty Democracy.
15. Socio-economic dimensions of Political Processes in the developing countries : nature and causes of underdevelopment; contemporary forms of neo-colonialism; ethnic tensions and political processes.

Essential Readings

1. J. Blondel, *An Introduction to Comparative Government*, London, Weidenteld and Nicolson, 1969.
2. C. Clapham, *Third World Politics : An Introduction*, London : Croom Helm, 1985.
3. R. C. Macrides, *The Study of Comparative Government*, New York, Random House, 1955.
4. A.H. Birch, *British System of Government*, London, George Allen and Unwin. 4th Edn, 1980.
5. E. S. Griffith, *The American System of Government*, London, Methuen and Co. 6th edn., 1983.
6. D. Lane, *State and Politics in the USSR*, Oxford, Basil Blackwell, 1985.
7. J. Gittings, *China Changes Face : The Road from Revolution 1949-89*, Oxford University Press, 1989.
8. H.C. Huiton, *An Introduction to Chinese Politics*, London, David and Charles, 1973.
9. A. Coulson, *Tanzania : A Political Economy*, Oxford, Clarendon, 1982.
10. F. Halliday and H. Alavi, (ed.), *State and Ideology in the Middle East and Pakistan*, London, Macmillan, 1988.
11. M. Kamrana, *Politics and Society in the Third World*, London, Routledge, 1993.

Additional Readings

1. G. Almond and V. Powell, *Comparative Politics : A Developmental Approach*, Little Brown, 1966.
2. J.A. Bill and Hardgrave, *Comparative Politics : The Quest for Theory*, Columbus, Merrill, 1973.
3. A. Lijphart, "Topologies of Democratic Political Systems", in *Comparative Political Studies*, Vol. 1, pp. 3-44, 1968.
4. H.J. Wiarda, (ed), *New Developments in Comparative Politics*, Boulder Colorado, Westview Press, 1987.
5. D. Kavangh, *British Politics, Continuity and Change*, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1985.
6. C. Leys, *Politics in Britain. An Introduction*, London, Heinemann, 1983.
7. R. Rose, *Politics in England, An Interpretation for the 80's*, Boston, Little Brown, 1980.

8. H.G. Nicolas, *The Nature of American Politics*, Oxford, Clarendon, 2nd edn, 1986.
9. G. Peele, *Revival and Reaction : The Right in Contemporary America*, Oxford, Clarendon, 1985.
10. A. Shund, *Gorbachev's Struggle for Economic Reforms : The Soviet Reform Process*, London, Printer Publishers, 1989.
11. Vinod Mehta, *Soviet Economy, New Economic Strategy*, New Delhi, Sterling, 1987.
12. C. Mackerras and A. Yorke, *The Cambridge Handbook of Contemporary China*, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
13. Manoranjan Mohanty, *Chinese Revolution : Comparative Perspectives on Transformation of Non-Western Societies*, New Delhi, Ajanta, 1992.
14. Manoranjan Mohanty, *Cheeni Kranti*, Delhi University, Hindi Implementation Directorate.
15. Harry Harding, *China's Second Revolution : Reform after Mao*, Washington, The Brookings Institution, 1987.
16. Gordon White, *Riding the Tiger : The Politics of Economic Reform in Post-War China*, Stanford, 1993.
17. Dorothy J. Solinger, *China's Transition from Socialism : Statist Legacies and Marketing Reform*, Aman, 1993.
18. P. Pool, D Cammack and W. Tordoff, *Third World Politics : A Comparative Introduction*, Houndmill Basingstoke, Macmillan, 1983.
19. P. Constantine and Danapoulos, (ed.), *Civilian Rule in the Developing World: Democracy on the March*, Boulder, Westview, 1992.
20. A.M.M. Hoogvelt, *The Third World in Global Development*, London, Macmillan, 2nd edn, 1982.

PAPER VI-INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

1. Post-First World War Peace Settlement.
2. The Bolshevik Revolution and its Impact on International Politics.
3. Rise of Fascism and Nazism in Europe and its Impact on International Relations.
4. League of Nations : its Role; Reasons for Failure.
5. Factors Leading to the Second World War and Post War Settlement.
6. Origin and Evolution of the Cold War.

7. Decolonization and Emergence of Third World, its Impact on International Politics.
8. Non-alignment : Objectives, Characteristics and Relevance.
9. Detente and the End of Cold War.
10. United Nations : Objectives, Role and Performance.
11. Regional Organizations : Arab League; O.A.S. ASEAN, SAARC, E.C. and A.P.E.C.
12. New International Economic Order.

Essential Readings

1. Fredrick L. Schuman, *International Politics*, 4, edn., New York, McGraw-Hill Book Company, 1954.
2. D.F. Flemming, *The Cold War and its Origins* Part I and II, London, George Allen & Unwin, 1961.
3. E.H. Carr, *International Relations between the Two World Wars : 1919-1939*, St. Martin, 1969.
4. Norman D. Palmer and Howard C. Perkins, *International Relations*, Boston, Houghton Mifflin, 1957, Indian edition, Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta.
5. Frederick H. Hartman, *Relationship of Nations*, 6th ed., Macmillan, 1983.
6. Peter Worsley, *The Third World*, Nature of Human Society Series, University of Chicago Press, 1973.
7. Robert Riggs and Jack Plano, *The United Nations : International Organisations and World Politics*, Brooks-Cole 1988.
8. Hans J. Morganthau, *Politics Among Nations*, 6th ed., McGraw Hill, 1985

Additional Readings

1. L. J. Halle, *The Cold War as History*, New York Harper & Row, 1967.
2. F. L. Schuman, *The Cold War : Retrospect and Prospect*, Baton Rouge, La., 1967.
3. Peter Calvoceresi, *World Politics since 1945*, London Longman, 1971.
4. Jack Woodds, *An Introduction to Neocolonialism*, New York, International Publishing, 1966.
5. Walter Lippmann, *Origins of the Second World War*

6. Barbara Wickeman, *Europe of the Dictators*.
7. George F. Kennan, *Present at the Creation*.
8. Jagdish Bhagwati, *NIEO*.
9. Bassett, *The League of Nations*.
10. L. Clamdeir, *Power and International Relations, Balance of Power, Security and World Order*.
11. F.S. Northedge and M.J. Grieve, *A Hundred Years of International Politics 1870-1970*, New York, Praeger, 1971.

Paper VI

WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

1. **Plato** : Justice - the rationalist vision, concept and approach, revolutionary character of Plato's philosophy, assessment, legacy.
2. **Aristotle** : Concept of Practical Philosophy-ethical principles and political practices, political realism, assessment, legacy.
3. **Machiavelli** : Primacy of Politics-republicanism and civic virtue, the art of politics, Machiavelli and the emerging modern era.
4. **Hobbes** : Individualism - contract, sovereignty, political obligation, assessment.
5. **Locke** : Civil Society-natural rights, property rights, theory of liberal state, assessment, legacy.
6. **Rousseau** : Origin of Inequality-critique of civil society, concepts of freedom and general will, assessment.
7. **Mill** : Critique of Benthamite Utilitarianism-humanistic and democratic approach to the industrial state, liberty, Mill on women's rights, assessment.
8. **Marx** : Dialectical Materialism; theory of social change; freedom; alienation; concept of Praxis; theory of state; legacy.
9. **Political Traditions in the West** : an assessment, contemporary trends, neo-classical, social democratic, marxist.

Essential Readings

1. George Klosko, *Plato's Political Theory*, New York : Methuen, 1986.
2. R. G. Mulgan, *Aristotle's Political Theory*, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1927.
3. G. Skocina, *Machiavelli* London, OUP, 1981.

4. K.C. Browne, *Hobbes-Studies*, Oxford, 1965.
5. Ruth W. Grant, *Locke's Liberalism* Chicago University Press, 1987.
6. Lovely and Rawl, (eds), *Modern Political Theory from Hobbes to Marx*, London, Routledge, 1989.
7. R. D. Masters, *The Political Philosophy of Rousseau*, Princeton, New Jersey, 1968.
8. Maurice Cowley, *Mill's Liberalism*.
9. D. McLellan, *Karl Marx, His Life and Thought*, London, Macmillan, 1973.
10. S. Avineri, *The Social and Political Thought of Karl Marx*, New Delhi, S. Chand and Co. 1979.
11. A. Swingwood, *Marx and Modern Social Theory*, London, Macmillan, 1978.
12. C. Macpherson, *The Political Theory of Possessive Individualism*, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1973.
13. G.H. Sabine, *A History of Political Theory*, New York, Harper, 1948; Indian Edition.
14. Anthony J. Parcel and Ronald C. Keith (ed), *Comparative Political Philosophy*, New Delhi, Sage, 1992.

Additional Readings

1. D. Germino, *Modern Western Political Thought : Machiavelli to Marx*, Chicago, 1972.
2. J.C. Hall, *Rousseau : An Introduction to his Political Philosophy*, London and Cambridge, Mass., 1973.
3. J.M. Robson, *The Improvement of Mankind : The Social and Political Thought of J.S. Mill*.
4. Frederck M. Watkeas, *The Political Tradition of the West*, Englewood Cliffs N.J., N.D.
5. Karl Popper, *The Open Society and its Enemies*, Vol 1+2, Princeton University Press 1958.
6. William T. Bluhan, *Theories of the Political System*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall, 1981.
7. Andrew Hacker, *Political Theory*, New York Macmillan, 1961.
8. J.A. Rawls, *A Theory of Justice*, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1973

9. P. Laslett and Runciman (eds.) *Philosophy, Politics and Society*, New York, Barnes and Noble, 1962.

Paper VIII—Public Administration with Special Reference to India

1. Public Administration as a Discipline : meaning, scope and significance of the subject, private and public administration, public administration as art and science, evolution, and approaches to its study, past and present, comparative approaches to Public Administration.
2. Public Administration as a Profession : Ecology of public administration social, economic, cultural, political and legal, the role of public administration in developed and developing societies.
3. Theories of Organisation : The Classical Theory, Scientific Management, Bureaucratic Theory, The Human Relations Theory, Organisation, Humanism, Decision—making.
4. Principles of Organisation : Hierarchy, Unity of Command, Authority and Responsibility, Co-ordination, Span of Control, Supervision, Centralisation and Decentralisation, Delegation.
5. Structure of Organisation : Line, Staff and Auxiliary Agencies, Departments, Corporation, Companies, Boards and commissions. Staff and Line Agencies in India at the national level.
6. Public Policy: Concept and relevance of policy making in public administration, theories and processing of policy formation and implementation of public policy.
7. Personnel Administration : The concept of personnel administration and problems of recruitment, training and promotion of public personnel, civil service neutrality, generalists and specialists, integrity in administration.
8. Financial Administration : concept of budget, preparation and execution of the budget, performance budgeting, zero base budgeting, legislative control.
9. Citizens and Administration : criteria of successful administration, meaning and forms of public accountability, people's participation in public administration in India, role of machinery for redressal of public grievances with special reference to Lokpal and Lokayukta.
10. Social Welfare Administration : focus on weaker sections : Programmes, strategy, role of voluntary agencies.
11. Urban and Rural Administration : Structure, functions and features: panchayati raj institutions and urban politics, decentralisation and evolution.

Essential Readings

1. Gerald E. Caiden, *Dynamics of Public Administration : Guidelines to Current Transformations in Theory and Practice*, New York, Holt, 1971.
2. Robert A. Golembiewski, *Public Administration as a Developing Discipline: Perspectives on Past, Present and Future*, New Marcel Dekker, 1977.
3. A. Felix Nigro & G. Lyodl Nigro, *Modern Public Administration*, New York, Harper & Row, 1980.
4. Peter Self, *Administrative Theories and Politics : An Inquiry into the Structure and Process of Modern Government*, London, Allen & Unwin, 1972.
5. Mohit Bhattacharya, *Public Administration*.
6. Martin Albrow, *Bureaucracy*, London, Pall Mall, 1970.
7. Gvishiani, *Organization and Management : A Sociological Analysis of Western Theories*, Moscow, Progress Publishers, 1972.
8. Amitai Etzioni, *A Sociological Reader on complex Organizations*, New York, Halt, Rinehart & Western, 1961.
9. Glen Stahl, *Public Personnel Administration*, 1986.
10. R.B. Jain, *Contemporary Issues in Indian Administration*, New Delhi, Vishal, 1976.
11. Noorjahan Bava, *The Social Science Perspective and Method of Public Administration*, New Delhi, Uppal Publishers, 1993.

Additional Readings

1. C.P. Bhambhri, *Administrators in a Changing Society, Bureaucracy and Politics in India*, Delhi, Vikas, 1971.
2. Ramesh K. Arora, *Comparative Public Administration*, New Delhi, Asia Publishing House. 1972.
3. P. R. Dubhashi, *The Profession of Public Administration*, Pune, Subbadr Saraswat, 1980.
4. M. E. Dimock and G. O. Dimock, *Public Administration*, Oxford I.B.H. Publishing Co. 1975.
5. S.P. Verma and S.N. Swaroop, *Personnel Administration*, EROPA, 1993.

6. Noorjahan Bava, *People's Participation in Administration in India*, New Delhi, Uppal Book Publishers, 1984.
7. Hoshiar Singh and Mohinder Singh, *Public Administration in India: Theory and Practice*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers, Reprint, 1990.
8. Dhatta K. Dey, *Personnel Administration in India: Retrospective Issues, Prospective Thought*, New Delhi, Uppal, 1991.
9. M.M. Sury, *Government Budgeting in India*, New Delhi, Common Wealth Publishers, 1990.
10. Starling Grover, *Managing the Public Sector*, Chicago, Dorsey Press, 1986, 3rd edition.
11. Gray L. Wamsley and others, *Refounding Public Administration*, Newbury Park, Sage, 1990.
12. Howell S. Baum, *The Invisible Bureaucracy :The Unconscious in Organization Problem Solving*, New York, OUP, 1987.
13. Rabin, Jack and others, eds., *Handbook of Public Administration*, New York, Marcel Dekker, 1989.
14. James Perry, *Handbook of Public Administration*, San Francisco, 1989.
15. James Q. Wilson, *Bureaucracy : What Governments Do and Why They Do It.*, New York, Basic Books, 1989.
16. R.B. Jain and O.P. Dwivedi, *India's Administrative State*, New Delhi, Gitanjali, 1985.

Paper IX : INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY

1. Historical and Domestic Factors in the Shaping of India's foreign policy.
2. Principles and Objectives of India's Foreign Policy
3. India and Non Alignment.
4. India and its Neighbours with Special Reference to Pakistan and China.
5. Disarmament, Nuclear Proliferation, India's Security Issues.
6. India and the United Nations.
7. India and SAARC.

Essential Readings

1. Jayantanuja Bandopadhyay, *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*, Delhi, Allied, 1980.
2. K.P. Karunakaran, *India in World Affairs*, Vol I and II, Delhi, OUP, 1952
3. A. Appadorai, *National Interest and India's Foreign Policy*, Delhi, Kalinga Publications, 1992.
4. M.S. Rajan, *Non-alignment and the Non-alignment Movement in the Present World Order*, Delhi, Konark, 1994.
5. V.P. Dutt, *India's Foreign Policy*, Delhi, Vikas, 1984.
6. C.H. Heimsath and Surjeet Mansingh, *A Diplomatic History of Modern India*, New Delhi, Allied, 1971.
7. K. Raman Pillai, *India's Foreign Policy*, Basic Issues and Political Attitudes, Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1969.
8. B.R. Nanda, *Indian Foreign Policy, the Nehru Years*, Delhi, Radiant Publishers, 1990.
9. Bimal Prasad, *Origins of India's Foreign Policy*, Delhi, Vikas, 1979.
10. Harish Kapur, *India's Foreign Policy, 1947-1993*, Sage, 1994.

Additional Readings

1. K.P. Mishra (ed), *Studies in India's Foreign Policy*.
2. Bhabani Sengupta, *South Asian Perspectives : Seven Nations in Conflict and Cooperation*, Delhi, B.R. Publishers, 1988.
3. Surjeet Mansingh, *India's Search for Power*, Delhi, Sage, 1984.
4. T.T. Poulouse, *Perspectives of India's Nuclear Policy*, Delhi, Young Asia Publications, 1978.

Paper X Option (a) : WOMEN AND POLITICAL PROCESS

1. Theoretical Approaches to Women's Studies.
 - (a) Liberal approach : Radical feminism's critique of patriarchy.
 - (b) Marxist Approach : Socialist feminist critique of patriarchy; class analysis and patriarchy.

2. Participation of Women : Perspectives and Contribution.
 - (a) Historical Legacy : French Revolution and suffrage movement in the west, the socialist revolutions, anti-colonial and national liberation movements.
 - (b) Contemporary nature of the women's movement-ideology, issues and social base, impact in the Western, socialist and third world.
3. Women's Position in Society : Major Indicators
 - (a) demographic pattern, (b) family structure, property rights, (c) access to education, (d) employment and work, (e) political participation.
4. Women and Society in India
 - (a) Evolution of women's position, A historical overview
 - (b) Women and the freedom movement; role and participation, perspectives on the women's question.
 - (c) Family Structure in contemporary India; patriarchy, matrilineal and matriarchal practices; impact of developmental process.
 - (d) Impact of religion and caste
 - (e) Social position; (i) demographic pattern (ii) legal, political and property rights (iii) access to education.
5. Women and the Political Economy in India
 - (a) Pattern of development and its implications for women.
 - (b) Women in the rural sector : occupational pattern, governmental policies and their implications for women.
 - (c) Women in the urban sector : occupational pattern, governmental policies and their implications for women.
 - (d) Nature of the Indian state and political economy - a feminist assessment.
6. Women's Movement in Contemporary India : a) Ideology, issues and social base, b) issue of autonomous women's movement, c) impact on public policy

Essential Readings

1. Kate Millet, *Sexual Politics*, New York Doubleday, 1970.
2. Frederick Engels, *Origin of Family, Private Property and the State*.
3. Michele Barrett, *Women's Oppression Today*, London verso, 1980.
4. Zillah Eisenstein, *Capitalist Patriarchy and the Case for Socialist Feminism*, New York, Longman, 1981, (also New York, Monthly Review Press, 1979).
5. Ester Boserup, *Women's Role in Economic Development*, London, George Allen & Unwin, 1979.
6. Kumari Jayawardhane, *Feminism and Nationalism in the Third World*, New Delhi, Kali, 1986.
7. Urmila Phadnis and Indira Malani, (ed.), *Women of the World : Illusion and Reality*, New Delhi, Vikas, 1978.
8. B.R. Nanda, (ed.), *Indian Women : From Purdah to Modernity*, New Delhi, Vikas 1976.
9. Neera Desai and Maithreyi Krishna Raj, *Women and Society in India*, Delhi, Ajantha, 1987.
10. Vina Mazumdar, *Towards Equality*, Delhi, 1991.

Additional Readings

1. Department of Social Welfare, *Report of the Committee on the Status of Women in India*, New Delhi, 1975.
2. Leslie J. Calman, *Toward Empowerment : Women and Movement Politics in India*, USA, Westview Press, 1992.
3. Shanti Chakravarty, *Rural Women's Claim to Priority*, New Delhi, CWDS. 1986.
4. Ministry of Women and Child Development, Government of India, *Country Paper* presented at Nairobi, 1985 and Beijing, 1995.
5. Susheela Kaushik, (ed.), *Women and Political Participation*, Vikas, New Delhi, 1993.
6. Lotika Sircar, *Constitutional Guarantees : The Unequal Sex*, New Delhi, CWDS, 1986 (Occasional paper No. 8).

Paper X option (b) : POLITICAL ECONOMY AND SOCIETY

1. Economy, Society and Politics : their interconnections.
2. Production of Wealth : Mode of production, division of labour, market, cooperation and conflict, relations of production.
3. Social Formations : family, clan, tribe, plural society, nation.
4. Pre-capitalist economies : slavery, feudalism, transition to capitalism.
5. Political Economy of Capitalism : accumulation of capital, monopoly, trade cycle.
6. Problems of Capitalism : inequality and exploitation, class, and race, militarism, ecological decay.
7. Colonialism, neo-colonialism, dependency, relative deprivation, protest movement.
8. Transnationalism and globalization, structural adjustment.
9. Socialist economy : the Russian and the Chinese methods, planning, collectivization, commune, liberalization.
10. Civil society : groups, classes and strata, caste, functional organization, elite and ruling class.
11. Culture and ethnic consciousness : language and religion.

Essential Readings

1. R. J. Barry-Jones, *The World of Political Economy*, London, 1988.
2. A. Beteille, *Society and Politics in India*, Delhi, OUP.
3. Ian Bradley and Michael Howard, *Classical and Marxist Political Economy*, London, Macmillan,
4. R. C. Edwards, M. Reich and T. E. Weiskopf (eds), *The Capitalist System*, Prentice-Hall, New Jersey, 1989.
5. Anthony Giddens, *Human Societies*, Polity Press.
6. Anthony Giddens and David Held (eds), *Class, Power and Conflict*, London, Macmillan, 1982.
7. S. M. Lipset, *The Political Man*, Doubleday, 1981.

8. S. M. Lipset, (ed), *Politics and Social Sciences*, New Delhi, Wiley Eastern.
9. C. W. Mills, *Power Elite*, New York, OUP, 1959.
10. Dorothy, *Three Visions of Socialism*, Westview Press.
11. Maria Mies and Vandana Shiva, *Ecofeminism*, New Delhi, Kali for Women, 1993.
12. Vandana Shiva, (ed.), *Minding Our Lives : Women from The South and North Reconnect Ecology and Health*, New Delhi, Kali for Women, 1993.
13. C. T. Kurien, *Global Capitalism and the Indian Economy*, Delhi, Orient Longman, 1994.
14. S. Chakravarti, *India's Development Planning*, Oxford, 1986.

Additional Readings

1. T. B. Bottomore, *Sociology*, London, Allen and Unwin, 1982.
2. T. B. Bottomore, *Readings in Marxist Sociology*, Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1983.
3. Angela Davis, *Women, Race and Power*, Random House.
4. G. William Domhoff, *Who Rules America Now?*, Englewood cliffs, Prentice-Hall, 1967.
5. Louis Dumont, *Homo Hierarchicus*, Paladin.

Paper X - Option c : UNITED NATIONS ORGANISATION

1. Formation of the United Nations System : structure and functions of the United Nations; An overview.
2. The General Assembly : structure, role and functions.
3. Security Council : powers and functions with special reference to Security Council and veto power; role in peace keeping.
4. UN and World Economic Development : role of ECOSOC, Specialised and the related agencies.
5. Trusteeship Council : decolonisation and self determination; Apartheid.
6. The Secretary-General of the UN; role and functions; maintenance of international peace and security.
7. UN and Third World : nature of the third world participation in the UN system.

8. The UN and Women's Development and Rights.
9. The NGOs and the UN System : relations and role.
10. The UN and regional conflicts; refugee problems; ethnic crisis.
11. The UN System and Human Rights; children and indigenous people.
12. United Nations in the Contemporary World : an assessment; suggestions for change.

Essential Readings

1. Peter Bachr and Leon Gordenker : *The United Nations in the 1990s*, 1992.
2. Geoff Berridge, *Return to the UN : UN Diplomacy in Regional Conflicts 1991*; Sussex, Wheatswaf Books, 1987.
3. United Nations, *Blue Helmets : A Review of UN Peacekeeping*, 1992.
4. Evan Luard, *A History of the United Nations, London*, Macmillan, 1989.
5. Amos Yoder, *Evolution of the UN System*, 1989.
6. N. G. Nicholas, *The UN as a Political Institution*, Oxford, OUP, 1975.
7. J. N. Saxena et al. ed., *United Nations for a Better World*, Delhi, Lancers Books, 1986.
8. Inder Rikhey, *Strengthening UN Peacekeeping*, London, Hurst and Co., 1993.
9. William H. Lewis, ed., *The Security Role of the United Nations*, 1991.
10. L.M. Goodrich, E. Hambro and Ann P. Simons, *Charter of the United Nations*, NY, Columbia Univ. Press, 3rd edn. 1969.
11. Lucille Mathurin Mair, *International Women's Decade : A Balance Sheet*, Delhi, CWDS, 1986.

Paper X - Option (d) : ASIAN POLITICAL SYSTEMS

1. Colonialism and Neo-colonialism in Asia : The experience of Vietnam and S. Korea.
2. Constitutional Framework and Political Practice : Japan and Pakistan.
3. Party Systems : One Party Dominant Systems and Multi-party Systems - The experiences of Iraq and Japan.

4. Social Structure and Social Conflict : Sri Lanka and Pakistan.
5. Development Strategy and Problems : S. Korea, Vietnam and Pakistan.
6. Nature and the Role of the State : The Cases of Japan and Vietnam.
7. Democracy and Authoritarianism : Pakistan and S. Korea.
8. Political Ideologies in Asia : Gandhi, Nehru, Mao, Ho Chi Minh.
9. Regional Conflicts in Asia : Arab-Israeli, Indo-Pak and India-China.

Essential Readings

1. Syed Abdul Ouddus, *Social Change in Pakistan*, Lahore, Progressive Publishers, 1990.
2. S. Akbar Ahmed, *Pakistan Society : Islam, Ethnicity and Leadership in South Asia*, New Delhi, OUP, 1988.
3. H. Hans Baerward, *Party Politics in Japan*, Boston, Allen and Unwin, 1986.
4. Jahbi Jamcel, *Pakistan : The Identity of Culture*, New Delhi, Alpha and Alpha, 1986.
5. Arend Lijphart, *Democracy in Plural Societies*, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1990.
6. Nakamura Takafusa, *Postwar Japanese Economy : Its Development and Structure*, Tokyo, University of Tokyo Press, 1981.
7. Urmila Phadnis, *Ethnicity and Nation-Building in South Asia*, Delhi, Sage, 1989.
8. Schimmel, Annemarie, *Islam in India and Pakistan*, Leiden, E. J. Brill, 1982.

Paper X - Option E : POLITICAL PROCESSES IN AFRICA

1. Legacies of Colonial Rule
 - a. Cultural Colonialism - Algeria
 - b. Economic Underdevelopment - Ghana
2. Constitutional Framework and Political Practices with Reference to Nigeria, Kenya, Algeria.
3. Nature of the State - Zimbabwe, Algeria, South Africa.
4. Democracy and Party Systems - Transition Party, One Party, Multi-party Systems.



5. Social Structure and Political Conflicts - Nigeria, Ethiopia, South Africa.
6. Ideologies in Africa - Frantz Fanon, Amiclar Cabral, Julius Nyerere.
7. Development Strategies and Problems - Kenya, Zimbabwe, Nigeria.
8. Neo-colonialism in Sub-Saharan Africa - Zimbabwe, Kenya, Nigeria.
9. Regional Conflicts and Civil Wars.
 - a. South Africa and Southern Africa
 - b. Civil War in Ethiopia.

Essential Readings

1. P. Chabal, ed. *Political Domination in Africa, Reflections on the Limits of Power*, Cambridge University Press, 1985.
2. N. Chazan, "The New Politics of Participation in Tropical Africa" in *Comparative Politics*, Vol 14, no. 2, January, 1992.
3. _____ "Ghana Problems of Governance and the Emergence of Civil Society", in L. Diamond, Linz and S. M. Lipset, *Democracy in Developing Countries, Africa*, Boulder, Lynne Rynne Publishers, 1988, 89.
4. F. Cheru, *The Silent Revolution in Africa, Debt Development and Democracy*, London, Zed Books, 1989.
5. L. Diamond, Juan J. Linz and S. M. Lipset (ed.), *Democracy in Asia*, New Delhi, Sage, 1989.
6. L. Gann and P. Duigan, *Burden of Empire : An Appraisal of Western Colonialism in Africa South of the Sahara*, Hoover Institution Press, 1967.
7. R. Harris, (ed.), *The Political Economy of Africa*, Cambridge, Schenkman, 1975.
8. R. Jackson and C. Roseberg, "Popular Legitimacy in African Multi-Ethnic States", in the *Journal of Modern African Studies*, Vol 22, no. 2, June, 1984.